

10-5 特別講義 (Lamb shifts) 123

水素原子 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2P_{1/2} - 2S_{1/2} \text{ (分裂)} \quad 1743 \\ 2S_{1/2} \text{ on } \pm \quad 1273 \end{array} \right.$

↓
場の量子化 : 電磁場の量子化
場の量子化
(生成・消滅)

• $\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_1$

$$\hat{H} = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m_0} - \frac{Ze^2}{r} - \frac{e}{m_0} \hat{p} \cdot \hat{A}$$

電磁場の量子化 \hat{A} の量子化

$$\hat{A} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{\lambda=1}^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2V\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} \epsilon(\mathbf{k}, \lambda) \left[c_{\mathbf{k}, \lambda} e^{-i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}} + c_{\mathbf{k}, \lambda}^\dagger e^{i\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r}} \right]$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \epsilon(\mathbf{k}, \lambda) \text{ 偏極ベクトル} \\ \mathbf{k} \cdot \epsilon(\mathbf{k}, \lambda) = 0 \end{array} \right.$

[場の量子化]

$$[c_{k\lambda}, c_{k'\lambda'}^\dagger] = \delta_{kk'} \delta_{\lambda\lambda'}$$

と仮定??

$c_{k\lambda}, c_{k\lambda}^\dagger$ (2自由度)
(場の量子化)

• m_0 (2電子の質量)

• $H' = -\frac{e}{m_0} \mathbf{p} \cdot \hat{A}$ $\epsilon \ll c$

↓

2次の摂動??

● 自由粒子の場合:

$$\delta E^{(2)} = - \sum_{\lambda} \sum_{k} \sum_{p'} \left(\frac{e}{m_0} \right)^2 \frac{1}{2V\omega_k} \frac{|\langle p' | \mathbf{e} \cdot \mathbf{p} | p \rangle|^2}{E_{p'} + k - E_p}$$

$$(E_{p'} - E_p) \ll k \quad \text{と近似 (Dirac)}$$

この時

$$\boxed{\delta E^{(2)} = - \frac{1}{6\pi^2} \wedge \left(\frac{e}{m_0} \right)^2 p^2} \quad \text{と近似}$$

(\wedge は $\frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{p^3}{(2\pi)^3}$ のこと)

• 相互作用が弱く δm が $\frac{e^2}{\lambda}$

$$\delta m \equiv \frac{e^2}{3\pi^2} \wedge \quad \text{と近似}$$

$$\delta E^{(2)} = - \frac{p^2}{2m_0^2} \delta m$$

よって

$$H_0 = \frac{p^2}{2m_0} - \frac{p^2}{2m_0^2} \delta m \approx \frac{p^2}{2(m_0 + \delta m)}$$

と近似 (これは e^2 の $\frac{1}{\lambda}$ 依存性) のこと

$$H_0 = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2(m_0 + \delta m)} \quad \text{20's}$$

$$\boxed{M \equiv m_0 + \delta m} \quad \text{定義}$$

$$\left[m \text{ (は } \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m} \text{ の } \frac{1}{2} \text{)} \right]$$

• 1.3.4.1.2.2 H の近似

$$H = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m_0} - \frac{Ze^2}{r} - \frac{e}{m_0} \hat{p} \cdot \hat{A}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{H = \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m} - \frac{Ze^2}{r} + \frac{\hat{p}^2}{2m^2} \delta m - \frac{e}{m} \hat{p} \cdot \hat{A}}$$

20's 20's
(1.3.4.1.2.2) 20's

[Lamb shifts]

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水素原子の $2s_{1/2}$ 状態のエネルギーのずれ

222 a.u. のオーダーで計算

$$\Delta E_{2s_{1/2}} = \frac{1}{6\pi^2} \left(\frac{e}{m}\right)^2 \langle 2s_{1/2} | \hat{p}^4 | 2s_{1/2} \rangle$$

$$= \sum_{n,l} \sum_{n',l'} \sum_{n'',l''} \left(\frac{e}{m}\right)^2 \frac{1}{2V\omega_k} \frac{|\langle n,l | \hat{e} \cdot \hat{p} | 2s_{1/2} \rangle|^2}{E_{n,l} + k - E_{2s_{1/2}}}$$

$$\Delta E_{2s_{1/2}} = \frac{1}{6\pi^2} \left(\frac{e}{m}\right)^2 \sum_{n,l} |\langle n,l | \hat{p} | 2s_{1/2} \rangle|^2$$

$$\times \int_0^\infty dk \left(\frac{E_{n,l} - E_{2s_{1/2}}}{E_{n,l} + k - E_{2s_{1/2}}} \right)$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta E_{2s_{1/2}} \approx 1040 \text{ MHz} \\ \Delta E_{2s_{1/2}}^{\text{exp}} \approx 1057.862 \text{ MHz} \\ \quad \pm 0.020 \end{array} \right.$$